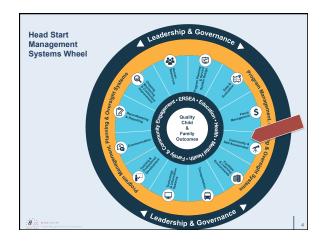
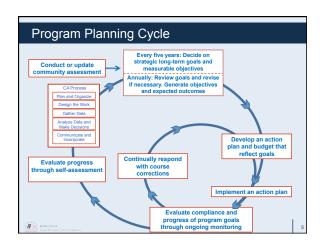


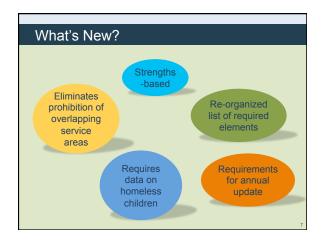


Why Do a Community Assessment? • Meet federal requirements • Inform decision-making and program planning, including coordinated approaches • Educate staff and stakeholders • Address changing priorities and policies • Respond to trends and changes • Mobilize community resources • Maximize community partnerships • Increase financial resources





1302.11 (b) Community-wide strategic planning and needs assessment 1) To design a program that meets community needs and builds on strengths and resources, a program must conduct a community assessment a least once over the five-year grant period. The community assessment must use data that describes community strengths, needs, and resources....



Community assessments should: Support strategic planning Be performed at least once over the five-year grant period Describe community strengths, needs, and resources

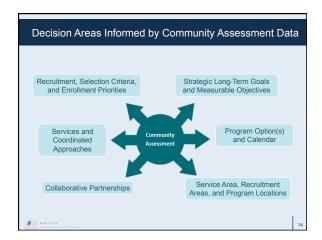
What changes are having the biggest impact on your programs?

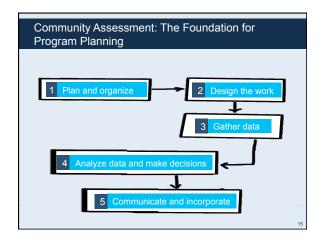
1302.11 Determining community strengths, needs, and resources WHY WHAT ARE WE **HOW IT HELPS** LOOKING FOR · Communicates need Solidify your mission to the Office of Head Start Identify your service and recruitment areas Geographic data Demographic make-up, shifts and · Gives a current Select your program snapshot and baseline trends · Helps project trends · Develop your goals and Other child service Helps develop strategies objectives programs · Establish selection Vulnerable populations Helps create continuous quality criteria Education, health, and nutrition and social Identify community improvement partners service needs Community resources

Review and Update the Community Assessment Done annually Community changes Availability of publicly funded pre-K Assessment of publicly funded pre-K Shifts in demographics and resources



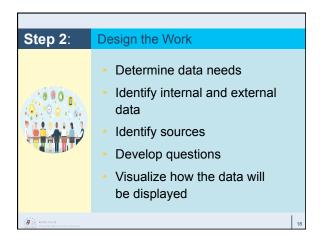


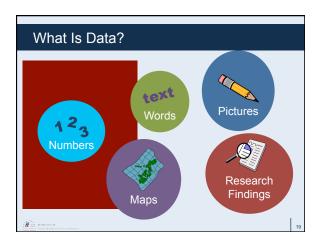


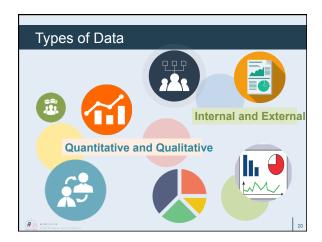


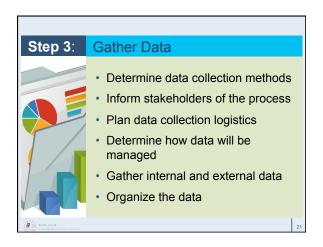
Form a CA team • Form a CA team • Specify information to be collected • Identify necessary resources • Establish a CA timeline • Communicate a CA process

Step 1: Plan and Organize (cont'd) Consider that collaboration: • Engages more community members in planning and implementation • Increases access to more data sources • Establishes relationships that will be important for leading actions identified in the community assessment findings

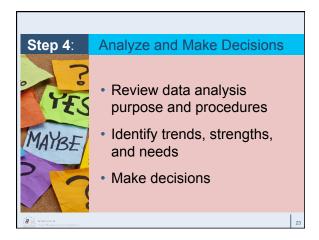








Methods for Data Collection Survey – written or electronic Interview – in person or by phone Focus group Large group meeting



Analysis – A step by step process 1. Gather and organize the data 2. Think about what the data shows and its possible impact 3. Identify relevant issues and concerns 4. Highlight emerging or existing trends 5. Examine the information related to unmet needs.

Forecasting Trends

- Have the numbers changed in the last three to five years?
- How have they changed?
- What are the reasons for the change?
- Does your program's internal data indicate similar changes or trends?

#(s) wascones

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Step 5: Communicate and Incorporate



- Prepare the CA report
- Communicate the CA data and recommendations internally and externally
- Review and update annually
 - Incorporate the CA process into the program's strategic and ongoing planning

Maria Company

Displaying Data

Data that are:

Can be explained in:

Numbers or percentages

Tables, pie charts, or graphs

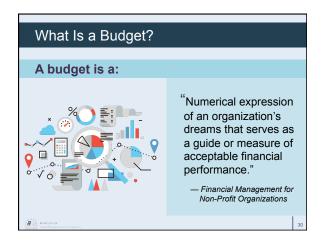
Written or spoken words

Geographic photographs

Maps or diagrams







Program Options and Calendar Center-based, home-based, family child care Based on children, family, and community needs Determine hours and weeks of service

Criteria for Recruitment and Selection Consideration of community needs Prioritization of vulnerable populations Availability of publicly funded pre-K Diverse economic backgrounds Reserved slots

